

NAME: _____

SECTION: 001 at 9:05 am

Instructions:

1. Notes, your text and other books, cell phones, and other electronic devices are not

- (b) The number of calories in a cheeseburger on the lunch menu is approximately normally distributed with a mean of 434 and a variance of 49.
- (i) What is the probability that a randomly chosen cheeseburger will contain more than 420 calories?
 - (ii) Alex orders 8 cheeseburgers for a party. Assuming independence, find the probability that the total calories in the 8 cheeseburgers will exceed 3,450.
 - (iii) If the 8 cheeseburgers are served one at a time to 8 guests, what is the probability that the first guest to be served a cheeseburger with over 420 calories is the seventh guest? Explain.

- (c) Suppose the number of foreign fragments in a portion of peanut butter is a random variable with a mean of 3 and a variance of 3. Suppose a random sample of 50 portions of peanut butter are collected and the average number of foreign fragments in a portion is calculated. What is the probability of observing an average of 3.6 or more fragments?

Problem 2. (28 points) Let $(X; Y)$ be jointly distributed random variables with conditional pdf given by:

$$f_{Y|X}(y|x) = \begin{cases} \frac{2y}{x^2} & 0 < y < x \\ 0 & \text{otherwise} \end{cases}$$

and marginal pdf of X given by:

$$f_X(x) = \begin{cases} 5x^4 & 0 < x < 1 \\ 0 & \text{otherwise} \end{cases}$$

- (a) Find the joint pdf of X and Y .
- (b) Find the marginal pdf of Y :
- (c) Find $E[Y|X]$ and use it to find the expectation of Y :
- (d) Find $\text{Cov}(X; Y)$.

Problem 3. (18 points) If X and Y have the following joint pdf, compute the joint density of $U = \frac{X}{Y}$; $V = Y$:

$$f_{X;Y}(x;y) = \begin{cases} 2 & 0 < x < y < 1 \\ 0 & \text{otherwise} \end{cases}$$

Problem 4. (26 points) Recall that if $X \sim \text{Exp}(\lambda)$; then $E[X] = 1/\lambda$ and $\text{Var}(X) = 1/\lambda^2$:

Recall that if $Y \sim \text{Unif}(0; 1)$; then $E[Y] = 1/2$ and $\text{Var}(Y) = 1/12$:

Mason has 200 batteries whose lifetimes are independent exponential random variables, each with a mean of 4 hours.

- (a) If the batteries are used one at a time, with a failed battery being replaced immediately by a new one, approximate the probability that there is still a working battery after 810 hours.
- (b) Suppose that the time it takes (in hours) to replace a failed battery is uniformly distributed over $(0, .8)$, independently. Approximate the probability that all batteries have failed before 1000 hours have passed.

Bonus Problem. (3 points) Let X be a random variable with mean 50 and variance 25. If X is the number of cars produced in a week at a particular auto manufacturing plant, find a lower bound on the probability that the production of cars in a week is between 30 and 70.

